

What does the question mean?

Whether it's answering a question in a written exam or for a piece of coursework, how you interpret the question is the most critical factor if you want to gain maximum marks. This study advice sheet will help you to think about how to interpret questions so that you can answer in the most effective and appropriate way.

Analysing the question

The following three steps will help you to interpret what the question is asking you to do:

Identify the subject

- What is the question about?
- What is the topic you are being asked to write about?
- What is the principal issue or concept?

Identify the instruction

- What are the key words that indicate the approach your answer should take?
- What are the key verbs? Identify other significant words

Identify other significant words

- What aspect is being asked about?
- · What other words alter the meaning?
- What is the scope of the question? Wide-ranging or restricted in a specific way?

Finding questions

Look for examples to analyse in:

- past exam papers
- textbooks
- tutorial sessions
- handouts
- coursework assignments
- case studies
- newspapers
- develop your own ask yourself how you would test someone's knowledge of the subject

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What am I being asked to do?

In most questions there will be a key word which guides you towards the required approach. In order to successfully answer the question you will need to highlight and interpret these key words, targeting your writing accordingly.

Common key words

Here are some of the most common key words and a suggested meaning for each.

Account for

Explain the cause of

Analyse

Separate down into its component parts and show how they interrelate with each other

Annotate

Put notes on (usually a diagram)

Assess

Estimate the value of, looking at both the positive and negative attributes

Comment

To make critical or explanatory notes/observations

Compare

Point out the differences and the similarities. This question needs to be carefully organised to produce a logical answer

Contrast

Point out the differences only and present the results in an orderly fashion

Describe

Write down the information in the right order

Discuss

Present arguments for and against the topic in question. In discussion questions you may also give your opinion

Common key words cont'd

Distinguish

Identity the difference between

Evaluate

Estimate the value of, looking at both the positive and negative attributes

Explain

The word 'explain' means that you have to give reasons. You have to explain why rather than just define

Justify

Here you will need to present a valid argument about why a specific theory or conclusion should be accepted

Outline

Give the main features or general principles of a subject, omitting minor details and stressing structure

Relate

Either - Show how ideas or events are linked into a sequence or - compare or contrast

Review

To make a survey of, examining the subject critically

Suggest

This question may not have a fixed answer. Give a range of responses

Summarise

State the main features of an argument, omitting all that is only partially relevant

• To what extent...

Asks you to justify the acceptance or validity of an argument stressing the need to avoid complete acceptance

Trace

Follow the development or history of a topic from some point or origin

Further information

This Study Advice Sheet has been produced by Student Services at UW.

We support student learning across the University through the publication of materials such as these.

Other study advice sheets that you may find useful include:

Essay Writing

Learning at university

Learning journals

Making oral presentations

Minimising stress

Organising yourself

Reading efficiently

Revision and exam skills

Study at a distance

Taking notes

Using feedback to improve your

work

Working in groups

Writing reports

All study advice sheets are available to view and download on the following website:

www.worcester.ac.uk/studyskills

or you can follow the links from your SOLE page.

You may also find it useful to check out the **'Moving On'** pack, accessible from the link on your SOLE page.

'Moving On' is a study skills package specifically designed to help you prepare for Higher Education & to become a successful student.

Contact: studyskills@worc.ac.uk

How to write a first class answer¹

The following is a question from a paper on the psychology of child development.

'Compare and contrast the consequences of blindness and deafness for language development.'

This is how students who gained different degree classifications seem to have interpreted the question.

1st Class

'Identify the consequences of blindness and deafness for language development. Compare and contrast these consequences, drawing conclusions about the nature of language development. Comment on the adequacy of theories of language development in the light of your conclusions.'

Upper 2nd Class

'Identify the consequences of blindness and deafness for language development. Compare and contrast these consequences.'

Lower 2nd Class

'List some of the features of blindness and deafness. List some consequences for development including a few for language development.'

3rd Class

'Write down almost anything you can think of about blindness, deafness, child development and language development. Do not draw any justified conclusions.'

¹ Example taken from: **Habeshaw, T. et al** (1995) *53 Interesting Ways of Helping Your Students to Study*. Technical and Educational Services Ltd. Bristol.

Two other study advice sheets in this series that you may find helpful are 'Revision and Exam Skills' & 'Essay Writing'.